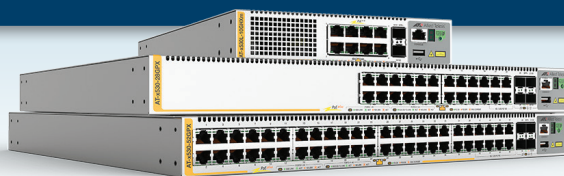


x530L Series

Stackable Intelligent Layer 3 Switches

The Allied Telesis x530L Series stackable Layer 3 switches feature high capacity, resiliency and easy management. With both Multi-Gigabit and high port density models, they are the ideal choice for network access applications.



Overview

The Allied Telesis x530L Series are a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks. The GHXm models feature 8 or 16 x 100M/1/2.5/5G Multi-Gigabit ports with 2 x 10 Gigabit uplinks, while 28 and 52 port models feature 24 or 48 x 10M/100M/1 Gigabit ports with 4 x 10 Gigabit uplinks. The ability to stack multiple units, enables a versatile solution for enterprise applications.

The GHXm models support PoE++ (up to 90W per port), while 28 or 52 port GPX models support PoE+ (up to 30W per port), making them perfect for connecting and powering devices at the network edge such as wireless access points, and IP surveillance cameras.

Network Management

Vista Manager™ EX bundled with Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of modern networks. While AMF allows an entire network to be securely and easily managed as a single virtual device, Vista Manager EX provides an intuitive and powerful graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF wired, Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless, and third party (SNMP) devices.

Cybersecurity

The x530L Series acting as an AMF member is compatible with our AMF-Security solution, which enables a self-defending network. The AMF-Sec controller responds immediately to any internal malware threats by instructing the x530L to isolate the affected part of the network, and quarantine the suspect device. Vista Manager EX alerts networks administrators of threats that have been dealt with.

Resilient

Today's converging online services mean there is increasing demand for highly-available networks with

minimal downtime. Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™), in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and application resiliency.

x530L Series switches can form a VCStack of up to eight¹ units for enhanced resiliency and simplified management. Mixed stacking allows the x530L Series to stack with x530 Series Switches. Stacking over Long Distance (VCStack™ LD), which enables stacks to be created over long distance fiber links, makes the x530L Series the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

The x530L Series was designed with reliability in mind, and guarantees continual delivery of essential services. The 28 and 52 port models feature dual built-in power supplies, and all models have near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, so maintenance does not affect network uptime.

Secure

A secure network environment is guaranteed. The x530L Series offers powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, loop guard to protect against cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive access control.

High-speed wireless

The GHXm models provide support for both 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity, allowing high-speed wireless to run at full capacity while avoiding the need to upgrade existing Cat5e/Cat6 cables.

¹ Up to 4 units supported if using 1Gbps ports for stacking

Future proof

Ensure a future-proof network, with superior flexibility and the ability to stack multiple units. All x530L models feature 10 Gigabit uplink ports and a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, so are ready for future network traffic demands.

Environmentally friendly

The x530L Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature significantly lowers operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

Key Features

- ▶ Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)
- ▶ Vista Manager EX compatible
- ▶ AMF-Security compatible
- ▶ VCStack™ up to 8¹ units locally, or over long distance
- ▶ EPSRTM and G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection for resilient rings
- ▶ EPSR Master
- ▶ Up to 740W PoE+ power (28 and 52 port models)
- ▶ Up to 90W PoE++ per port (GHXm models)
- ▶ Continuous PoE
- ▶ Multi-Gigabit (100M/1G/2.5G/5G) ports (GHXm models)
- ▶ Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)
- ▶ OpenFlow for SDN
- ▶ VLAN Translation
- ▶ Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ▶ Link Monitoring
- ▶ FIPS 140-2 certified
- ▶ Ethernet Alliance PoE Class 8 certified (GHXm models)

Key Features

Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- ▶ AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- ▶ Any x530L Series switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned, making installation easy because no onsite configuration is required.
- ▶ AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless APs and other switching products, as well as third-party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.

Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™)

- ▶ The x530L Series supports VCStack up to 8 units (or 4 units if using 1Gbps ports for stacking). Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly-available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.
- ▶ Mixed stacking allows the x530L Series to stack with x530 Series switches, providing flexible deployment options.

Long-Distance Stacking (VCStack™ LD)

- ▶ VCStack LD allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for distributed network environments.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

- ▶ EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several x530L Series switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability in enterprise networks.
- ▶ Super-Loop Protection (SLP) enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.
- ▶ The x530L Series switches can act as the ESPR Master, or be deployed as EPSR transit nodes, in a high-speed ring.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- ▶ G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed as stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- ▶ Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Power over Ethernet (PoE+ and PoE++)

- ▶ With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE reduces costs and

provides flexibility, with the x530L 28 and 52 port models supplying up to 30W per port (PoE+) to endpoints.

- ▶ The GHXm models support up to 90W per port (PoE++) to connect high power devices such as high resolution PTZ cameras, enhanced infrared lighting and lighting controllers, remote Point of Sale (POS) kiosks, and more.

Continuous PoE

- ▶ Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

- ▶ AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

Multi-Gigabit Ethernet

- ▶ The IEEE 802.3bz standard (also known as “NBASE-T”) allows traffic speeds of greater than 1 Gigabit on legacy Cat5e/Cat6 cable. The GHXm models support both 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity, allowing high-speed wireless APs to run at full capacity, and building uplinks to be upgraded, without re-cabling.

Voice VLAN

- ▶ Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice-dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

sFlow

- ▶ sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector (up to 5 collectors can be configured) ensure a real-time view of network traffic.

VLAN Translation

- ▶ VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.
- ▶ It is common for a network Service Provider (SP) to give each customer their own unique VLAN, yet at the customer location give all customers the same VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use on the wire. SPs can use VLAN Translation to change the tagged packet's VLAN-ID at the customer location to the VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use within the SP's network.
- ▶ This feature is also useful in Enterprise environments where it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme.

VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

- ▶ VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

Tri-authentication

- ▶ Authentication options on the x530L Series also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

- ▶ TACACS+ Command Authorization offers centralized control over which commands may be issued by each specific AlliedWare Plus device user. It complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

Premium Software License

- ▶ By default, the x530L Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

VLAN Access Control List (ACLs)

- ▶ ACLs simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. They can be applied to a VLAN as well as a specific port.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

- ▶ DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

Software Defined Networking (SDN)

- ▶ OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

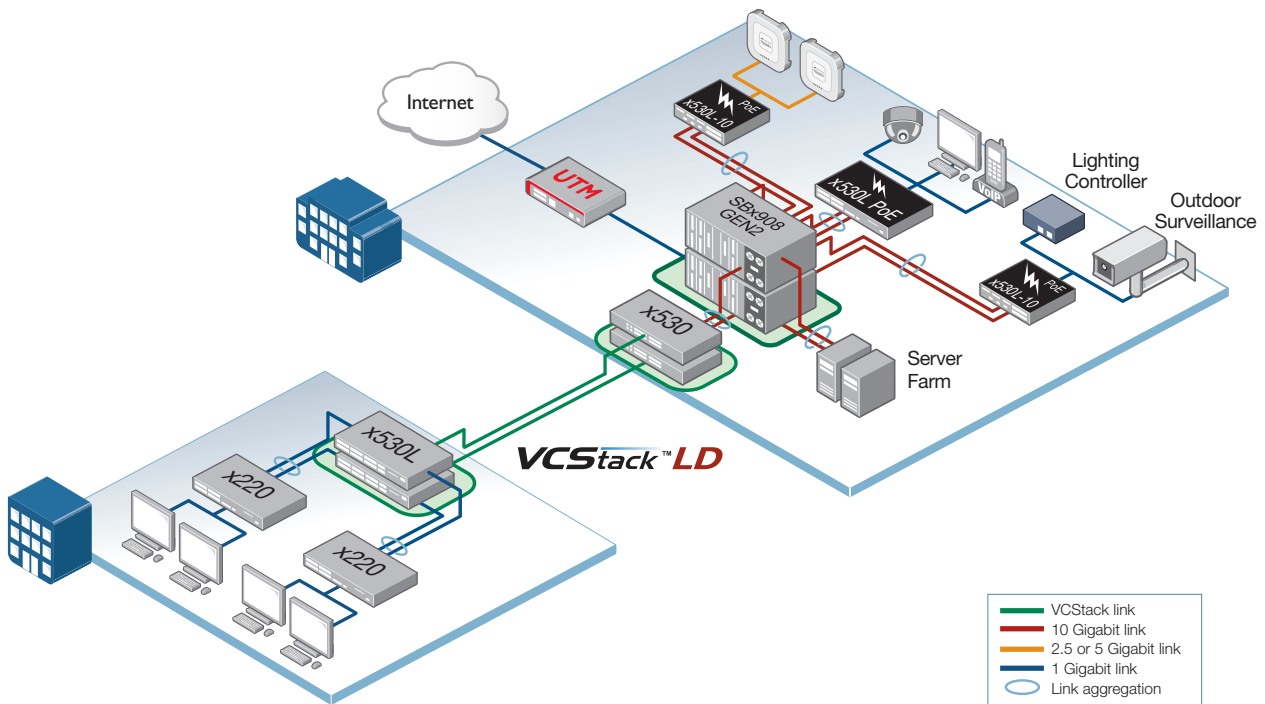
Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

- ▶ MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

- ▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.

Key Solutions



Resilient distribution switching

The x530L Series are ideal for distribution solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, distribution switches utilize long-distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack LD) to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. By using fiber stacking connectivity, units can be kilometers apart—perfect for a distributed environment. Mixed stacking allows the x530L Series and x530 Series switches to be stacked together for even more deployment flexibility.

When combined with link aggregation, VCStack provides a solution with no single point of failure, which fully utilizes all network bandwidth.

The x530L Series supports Enterprises and their use of business-critical online resources and applications, with a resilient and reliable distribution solution.

Power at the network edge

The 28 and 52 port PoE+ models can provide 30 Watts of power to endpoints such as wireless access points, security cameras, and IP phones – with dual internal PSUs providing a resilient solution.

The GHXm PoE++ models can provide up to 90 Watts per port, to connect and power today's most advanced devices, such as outdoor PTZ security cameras with heaters and blowers, enhanced lighting management, and more. Multi-Gigabit enables 2.5 or 5 Gigabit connectivity over existing Cat5e/Cat6 cables, to maximize throughput, as well as support low-cost network performance upgrades.

Continuous PoE ensures power delivery to endpoints even during a switch firmware upgrade, while advanced security and access control features make the x530L Series the ideal choice for connecting and powering devices at the network edge.

Specifications

Performance

- ▶ 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth when using front panel 10G SFP+ ports
- ▶ 10KB L2 and 9KB L3 Jumbo frames
- ▶ Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- ▶ 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ Up to 1250 OpenFlow v1.3 entries
- ▶ 1GB DDR3 SDRAM, 256MB NAND flash memory
- ▶ Packet buffer memory: 3MB

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ▶ Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- ▶ Stack up to eight¹ units in a VCStack
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility

- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- ▶ Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation
- ▶ Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

- ▶ Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) - Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ▶ Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ▶ Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Find-me device locator
- ▶ Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ▶ Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ▶ Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)
- ▶ Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)

IPv4 Features

- ▶ Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ Black hole routing
- ▶ DNS relay
- ▶ Policy-based routing
- ▶ Route redistribution (OSPF, RIP, and BGP)

IPv6 Features

- ▶ Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ▶ IPv6 over IPv4 tunneling (manual configuration only)
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
- ▶ NTPv6 client and server
- ▶ DNSv6 client, DNSv6 relay

- ▶ DHCPv6 server, relay, and client
- ▶ Static IPv6 unicast and multicast routing
- ▶ IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS
- ▶ IPv6 hardware ACLs
- ▶ IPv6 Ready certified

Management

- ▶ Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ▶ Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting engine
- ▶ Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards-based device management
- ▶ Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ▶ Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- ▶ Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ▶ USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- ▶ Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- ▶ Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery. Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license
- ▶ Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Quality of Service

- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- ▶ Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ Taildrop for queue congestion control
- ▶ Extensive remarking capabilities
- ▶ Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ▶ Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- ▶ 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- ▶ Policy-based storm protection
- ▶ Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

Resiliency Features

- ▶ EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery
- ▶ EPSR Master or transit node deployment
- ▶ STP root guard
- ▶ Loop protection: thrash limiting and loop detection
- ▶ Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ▶ Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption
- ▶ SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- ▶ Long-Distance VCStack using fiber modules (VCStack LD)
- ▶ BPDU forwarding

Security Features

- ▶ Federal Information Processing Standard Publication 140-2 (FIPS 140-2) certified

- ▶ MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- ▶ Learn limits (intrusion detection) for single ports or LAGs
- ▶ Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ▶ Dynamic ACLs assigned via port authentication
- ▶ ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- ▶ Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ▶ Secure Copy (SCP)
- ▶ BPDU protection
- ▶ Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ▶ Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ▶ DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ▶ DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ Strong password security and encryption
- ▶ Auth fail and guest VLANs
- ▶ Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- ▶ Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- ▶ Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ▶ RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

Software Defined Networking (SDN)

- ▶ OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Environmental Specifications

- ▶ Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
- ▶ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- ▶ Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- ▶ Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- ▶ Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Power Supply Specifications

- ▶ AC voltage: 90-264V (auto-ranging)
- ▶ Frequency: 50-60Hz

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ▶ EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- ▶ Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

Safety

- ▶ Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- ▶ Certification: UL, cUL, FIPS 140-2

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ▶ EU RoHS compliant
- ▶ China RoHS compliant

¹ Up to 4 units supported if using 1Gbps ports for stacking

x530L Series | Stackable Intelligent Layer-3 Switches

Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100M/1/2.5/5 GIGABIT PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	STACKING PORTS	POE ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
x530L-10GHXm	-	8	2	2*	8	120Gbps	89.2Mpps
x530L-18GHXm	-	16	2	2*	16	200Gbps	148.8Mpps
x530L-28GTX	24	-	4	2*	-	128Gbps	95.2Mpps
x530L-28GPX	24	-	4	2*	24	128Gbps	95.2Mpps
x530L-52GTX	48	-	4	2*	-	176Gbps	130.9Mpps
x530L-52GPX	48	-	4	2*	48	176Gbps	130.9Mpps

* Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when the switch is not stacked

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIGHT		PACKAGED DIMENSIONS
			UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	
x530L-10GHXm	210 x 362 x 42.5 mm (8.27 x 14.25 x 1.67 in)	Rack-mount	3.5 kg (7.72 lbs)	4.8 kg (10.58 lbs)	461 x 371 x 153 mm (18.15 x 14.60 x 6.02 in)
x530L-18GHXm	441 x 256 x 44 mm (17.36 x 10.07 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	4.3 kg (9.48 lbs)	5.98 kg (13.18 lbs)	526 x 412 x 129 mm (20.70 x 16.22 x 5.07 in)
x530L-28GTX	441 x 323 x 44 mm (17.36 x 12.72 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	4.4 kg (9.07 lbs)	6.3 kg (13.89 lbs)	577 x 440 x 153 mm (22.72 x 17.32 x 6.02 in)
x530L-28GPX	441 x 421 x 44 mm (17.36 x 16.57 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	6.2 kg (13.67 lbs)	8.4 kg (18.52 lbs)	577 x 548 x 153 mm (22.72 x 21.57 x 6.02 in)
x530L-52GTX	441 x 323 x 44 mm (17.36 x 12.72 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.2 kg (11.46 lbs)	7.1 kg (15.65 lbs)	577 x 440 x 128 mm (22.72 x 17.32 x 6.02 in)
x530L-52GPX	441 x 421 x 44 mm (17.36 x 16.57 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	6.7 kg (14.77 lbs)	8.9 kg (19.62 lbs)	577 x 548 x 153 mm (22.72 x 21.57 x 6.02 in)

Power and Noise Characteristics

PRODUCT	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD			MAX POE POWER (W)	POE SOURCING PORTS				
	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION (BTU/H)	NOISE (DBA)	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION (W)	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION (BTU/H)	NOISE (DBA)		POE (7.5W)	POE (15.4W)	POE+ (30W)	POE++ (60W)	POE++ (90W)
x530L-10GHXm	60	204	64	605	2065	64	500	8	8	8	8	5
x530L-18GHXm	86	293	42	970	3317	42	720	16	16	16	12	8
x530L-28GTX	39	133	42*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
x530L-28GPX	70	239	42*	890	3037	42*	740	24	24	24	-	-
x530L-52GTX	60	205	42*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
x530L-52GPX	95	324	42*	950	3242	42*	740	48	48	24	-	-

* This figure is under 30 degree C ambient temperature

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED				
	100MBPS	1GBPS	2.5GBPS	5GBPS	10GBPS
x530L-10GHXm	8.24µs	7.89µs	5.63µs	3.49µs	2.12µs
x530L-18GHXm	8.35µs	7.96µs	7.72µs	5.23µs	2.56µs
x530L-28GTX	6.06µs	3.98µs	-	-	1.63µs
x530L-28GPX	6.06µs	3.98µs	-	-	1.63µs
x530L-52GTX	8.34µs	5.27µs	-	-	1.67µs
x530L-52GPX	8.34µs	5.27µs	-	-	1.67µs

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.2-2

Authentication

- RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
- RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

- BGP dynamic capability
- BGP outbound route filtering
- RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the Internet
- RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute
- RFC 2385 Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5 signature option
- RFC 2439 BGP route flap damping
- RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4
- RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4
- RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4
- RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service (DoS) attacks
- RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
- RFC 4360 BGP extended communities
- RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP
- RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart
- RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space
- RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations for BGP

Cryptographic Algorithms

FIPS Approved Algorithms

- Encryption (Block Ciphers):
- ▶ AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- ▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

Block Cipher Modes:

- ▶ CCM
- ▶ CMAC
- ▶ GCM
- ▶ XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

- ▶ DSA
- ▶ ECDSA

▶ RSA

Secure Hashing:

- ▶ SHA-1
- ▶ SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512)

Message Authentication:

- ▶ HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512))

Random Number Generation:

- ▶ DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256)

DES

MD5

Encryption (management traffic only)

- FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)
- FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA)
- FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)

Ethernet Standards

- IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)
- IEEE 802.3 Ethernet
- IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
- IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
- IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet up to 30W (PoE+)
- IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)
- IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet up to 90W (PoE++)
- IEEE 802.3bz 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T ("multi-gigabit")
- IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X

- IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation
- IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

Ethernet Alliance

Gen2 PoE Class 8 Certified (GHXm models)



IPv4 Features

- RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
- RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)
- RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
- RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
- RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks
- RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams
- RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets
- RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme
- RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure
- RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
- RFC 1027 Proxy ARP
- RFC 1035 DNS client
- RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
- RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum
- RFC 1122 Internet host requirements
- RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery
- RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages
- RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR
- RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
- RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP
- RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS)
- RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers
- RFC 1918 IP addressing
- RFC 2581 TCP congestion control

IPv6 Features

- RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6
- RFC 2460 IPv6 specification
- RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks
- RFC 2711 IPv6 router alert option
- RFC 3484 Default address selection for IPv6
- RFC 3587 IPv6 global unicast address format
- RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6
- RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture
- RFC 4193 Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
- RFC 4213 Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and routers
- RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture
- RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
- RFC 4861 Neighbor discovery for IPv6
- RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)
- RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection
- RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
- RFC 5175 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
- RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management

- AT Enterprise MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps
- Optical DDM MIB
- SNMPv1, v2c and v3
- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
- RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets
- RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
- RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions
- RFC 1213 MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MIB-II

- RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
- RFC 1227 SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
- RFC 1239 Standard MIB
- RFC 1724 RIPv2 MIB extension
- RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIPv2)
- RFC 2579 Textual conventions for SMIPv2
- RFC 2580 Conformance statements for SMIPv2
- RFC 2674 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
- RFC 2741 Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
- RFC 2787 Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
- RFC 2819 RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
- RFC 2863 Interfaces group MIB
- RFC 3176 sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks
- RFC 3411 An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks
- RFC 3412 Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP
- RFC 3413 SNMP applications
- RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
- RFC 3415 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
- RFC 3416 Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP
- RFC 3417 Transport mappings for the SNMP
- RFC 3418 MIB for SNMP
- RFC 3621 Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
- RFC 3635 Definitions of managed objects for the Ethernet-like interface types
- RFC 3636 IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
- RFC 4022 MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- RFC 4113 MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
- RFC 4188 Definitions of managed objects for bridges
- RFC 4292 IP forwarding table MIB
- RFC 4293 MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
- RFC 4318 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
- RFC 4502 RMON 2
- RFC 4560 Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations
- RFC 5424 The Syslog protocol
- RFC 6527 Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3

Multicast Support

- Bootstrap Router (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
- IGMP query solicitation
- IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
- IGMP snooping fast-leave
- IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
- MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2)
- PIM and PIM SSM for IPv6
- RFC 1112 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
- RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)
- RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
- RFC 2715 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols
- RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
- RFC 3376 IGMPv3
- RFC 3618 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6
- RFC 3956 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address
- RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode (DM)
- RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches
- RFC 4601 Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)
- RFC 4604 Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast
- RFC 4607 Source-specific multicast for IP

Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)

- OSPF link-local signaling
- OSPF MD5 authentication
- Out-of-band LSDB resync
- RFC 1245 OSPF protocol analysis
- RFC 1246 Experience with the OSPF protocol
- RFC 1370 Applicability statement for OSPF
- RFC 1765 OSPF database overflow
- RFC 2328 OSPFv2
- RFC 2370 OSPF opaque LSA option
- RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6
- RFC 3101 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
- RFC 3509 Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers
- RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF restart
- RFC 3630 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
- RFC 4552 Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
- RFC 5329 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3
- RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)

Quality of Service (QoS)

- IEEE 802.1p Priority tagging
- RFC 2211 Specification of the controlled-load network element service
- RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
- RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture
- RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
- RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker
- RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker
- RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency Features

- ITU-T G.8023 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS)
- IEEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)
- IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP)
- IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges
- IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
- IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
- IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation
- RFC 5798 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

- RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6
- RFC 2081 RIPng protocol applicability statement
- RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 authentication
- RFC 2453 RIPv2

Security Features

- SSH remote login
- SSLv2 and SSLv3
- TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Authorization (AAA)
- IEEE 802.1X Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)
- IEEE 802.1X Multi-suplicant authentication
- IEEE 802.1X Port-based network access control
- RFC 2560 X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
- RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS (“HTTPS”)
- RFC 2865 RADIUS authentication
- RFC 2866 RADIUS accounting
- RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
- RFC 2986 PKCS #10: certification request syntax specification v1.7
- RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
- RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
- RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
- RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
- RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
- RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
- RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
- RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
- RFC 5176 RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)

- RFC 5246 Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
- RFC 5280 X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile
- RFC 5425 Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog
- RFC 5656 Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
- RFC 6125 Domain-based application service identity within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
- RFC 6614 Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS
- RFC 6668 SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH

Services

- RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification
- RFC 855 Telnet option specifications
- RFC 857 Telnet echo option
- RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option
- RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option
- RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
- RFC 1985 SMTP service extension
- RFC 2049 MIME
- RFC 2131 DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
- RFC 2132 DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
- RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1

- RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
- RFC 2822 Internet message format
- RFC 3046 DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
- RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
- RFC 3633 IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
- RFC 3646 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
- RFC 3993 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
- RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
- RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

- Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)
- IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)
- IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
- IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port
- IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

- LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057
- Voice VLAN

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x530L-01	x530L premium license	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ OSPFv2 (256 routes) ▶ BGP4 (256 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM v4 ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ RIPng (256 routes) ▶ OSPFv3 (256 routes) ▶ MLDv1/v2 ▶ PIM-SMv6/SSMv6 ▶ RADIUS-Full ▶ UDLD ▶ VLAN Translation 	▶ One license per stack member
AT-SW-AM10-1YR²	Cumulative AMF Master license	▶ AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 1 year	▶ One license per stack
AT-SW-AM10-5YR²	Cumulative AMF Master license	▶ AMF Master license for up to 10 nodes for 5 years	▶ One license per stack
AT-FL-x53L-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ G.8032 ring protection ▶ Ethernet CFM 	▶ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x53L-CPOE	Continuous PoE license	▶ Continuous PoE power for GHXm and GPX models	▶ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x53L-MSTK	Mixed Stacking license	▶ Stack x530L with x530 Series switches	▶ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x530L-OF13-1YR	OpenFlow license	▶ OpenFlow v1.3 (1250 entries) for 1 year	▶ Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x530L-OF13-5YR	OpenFlow license	▶ OpenFlow v1.3 (1250 entries) for 5 years	▶ Not supported on a stack

² Purchase one license per 10 nodes (up to 20 nodes maximum)

Ordering Information

Switches

19 inch rack-mount brackets included

AT-x530L-10GHXm-xx

8-port 100M/1/2.5/5G PoE++ stackable switch with 2 SFP+ ports and a single fixed power supply

AT-x530L-18GHXm-xx

16-port 100M/1/2.5/5G PoE++ stackable switch with 2 SFP+ ports and a single fixed power supply

AT-x530L-28GTX-xx

24-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 fixed power supplies

AT-x530L-28GPX-xx

24-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 fixed power supplies

AT-x530L-52GTX-xx

48-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 fixed power supplies

AT-x530L-52GPX-xx

48-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 fixed power supplies

AT-RKMT-J15³

Rack mount shelf kit for x530L-10GHXm

AT-BRKT-J24

Wall mount kit for x530L-10GHXm

AT-BRKT-J22

Wall-mount kit for x530L-28GTX & 52GTX

AT-VT-Kit3

Management Cable (USB to Serial Console)

10G SFP+ Modules

Any 10G SFP+ module or cable can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRa/I

10GBASE-LR, 1310 nm, 10 km with SMF, I-Temp, TAA⁵

AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550 nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TM

1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD10/I-12

10G Bi-Di, 1270 nm TX/1330 nm RX, 10km, industrial temperature, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD10/I-13

10G Bi-Di, 1330 nm TX/1270 nm RX, 10km, industrial temperature, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD20-12

10G Bi-Di, 1270 nm TX/1330 nm RX, 20km, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD20-13

10G Bi-Di, 1330 nm TX/1270 nm RX, 20km, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD40/I-12

10G Bi-Di, 1270 nm TX/1330 nm RX, 40km, industrial temperature, TAA⁴

AT-SP10BD40/I-13

10G Bi-Di, 1330 nm TX/1270 nm RX, 40km, industrial temperature, TAA⁴

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10a

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

³ See the installation guide

⁴ Trade Act Agreement compliant

Where xx = 10 for US power cord
20 for no power cord
30 for UK power cord
40 for Australian power cord
50 for European power cord